

Economics of European Integration

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Problem Set 7

Exercise 1: Economics of anti-competitive behavior

The BE-COMP diagram shows the impact of liberalization on consumer surplus, firm- and market sizes.

- a. Explain the three panels of the BE-COMP diagram. What happens in case of liberalization?
- b. What happens under *perfect* collusion? Why is this inefficient? Why is this outcome often not stable?
- c. What is *partial* collusion?
- d. Show the welfare impact of cartels.
- e. Show the welfare impact of a merger.

Exercise 2: Global Competition Policy

- a. What are the reasons/motivations for firms to merge? What about cross-country mergers?
- b. What are the major aspects national competition authorities evaluate to decide whether a requested merger can occur?
- c. Think about within-country mergers, why do these concern international markets as well? How does this matter for competition authorities in deciding upon a requested merger?
- d. Consider the possibility of “extra-territorial powers”. How does that affect the probability of a merger of two firms in country a when (i) country a has an international cooperative agreement with country b and both have extra-territorial powers or (ii) a global competition authority decides on the merger or (iii) neither a global competition authority exists nor a bilateral agreement between a and b and country b has no extra-territorial powers.
- e. Given your solutions from exercise d, how can you explain why no global authority has been established yet.